Present Continuous: Versus Simple Present			
FORM:	Simple Present: subject + base verb Present Continuous: subject + be (am, is		
USE:	The Simple Present and the Present Continuous have different uses.		
	THE SIMPLE PRESENT is used:	THE PRESENT CONTINUOUS is used:	
	• to talk about habits and repeated actions.	• to talk about actions in progress now.	
	e.g. Susan usually cleans her room on Saturdays.	e.g. Susan is cleaning her room now.	
	• to talk about things that are true in general.	• for actions that are temporary, not habitual.	
	e.g. Working parents bring their children to daycare.	e.g. Simon is bringing his kids to daycare today.	
	• when the verb " have " means <u>possess</u> or <u>own</u> something. It is a non-action verb.	• when the verb "have" is an action verb, it <u>does not</u> mean <u>possess</u> .	
	e.g. I have two children. She has a new car.	e.g. I am having my test on Friday. She is having lunch in the park.	
	• with certain time expressions: always rarely often never usually every day sometimes once a week seldom on the weekends	• with certain time expressions: right now now today at the moment this week this evening this year this month these days these months	

Beginner 1 – Exercise 40 – Present Continuous: Versus Simple Present

Use either the SIMPLE PRESENT or the PRESENT CONTINUOUS of the verbs in parentheses.		
1.	Ruth (ask, usually) a lot of questions in class, but today she (ask neg.)	
2.	Please don't make so much noise. My sick grandmother (rest)	
3.	Cindy can't come to the phone right now because she (take) a bath.	
4.	Cindy (do) her homework after school every day.	
5.	After 3 months in the hospital, Bob is glad that he (jog) again today.	
6.	Every evening the mother (sing)her child to sleep after she (read)him a bed-time story.	
7.	A: "What (make)?"	
	B: "I (bake)an apple pie for the picnic	
	tomorrow."	
8.	A: "The leaves (change)color now.	
	B: They're beautiful! This is the first time I've seen so many pretty colours. The trees	
	(change, not) in my country. It is too hot.	
9.	(you, put, always)the cat outside when you leave for the day?	
10.	I (sleep, usually)until 7:00 a.m. every morning. Then, I (have)a shower and (eat) breakfast.	

Check the sentence (a) or (b) that is closest in meaning to the first.

- 1. Karen's getting really good grades this semester.
 - (a) Her grades are always good.
 - (b) Her grades are better than they were last semester.
- 2. Look! Nicola's wearing a dress today.
 - (a) Nicola seldom wears dresses.
 - (b) Nicola probably wore a dress yesterday, too.
- 3. Vince and Irene live in New London.
 - (a) They expect to move very soon.
 - (b) New London is their home.
- 4. I'm taking the bus to school this week.
 - (a) I'm sitting on the bus right now.
 - (b) I don't usually take the bus.
- 5. A: Where's David?
 - B: He's asleep on the couch.
 - (a) He's sleeping on the couch.
 - (b) He sleeps on the couch.
- 6. A: How's Maria these days?
 - B: Busy. She's learning how to dance the tango.
 - (a) Maria has a new hobby.
 - (b) She's dancing right now.