

Intermediate 3 – Quiz 3

The character in the story below needs some advice. Fill in the blanks with the correct verb tenses.

Ever since Doreen _____ (**be**) little, she _____ (**have**) four main goals: to become a classical pianist, to travel, and to learn two languages: German and Spanish. At present, she _____ (**be**) unsure about her feelings for two men in her life. Doreen _____ (**meet**) the first guy, Hans, while she _____ (**study**) at the Conservatory of Music. When she _____ (**tell**) him that she _____ (**have**) always _____ (**want**) to learn German, they _____ (**arrange**) to meet for coffee every day and they would speak only in German. Their friendship soon _____ (**develop**) into love.

Although Hans _____ (**be - neg**) graduating until next year, Doreen _____ (**pass**) her last practical exam four months ago. To celebrate Doreen's graduation and her ability to speak German, Hans _____ (**buy**) two tickets for the opera. When he _____ (**buy**) the tickets four months ago, he _____ (**forget**) that he _____ (**have**) a final exam on the day after the opera. Since Hans _____ (**study**) at that time, he _____ (**suggest**) Doreen take a friend. Of all their friends, the only one that _____ (**be able**) to go, was Marcos. They both _____ (**enjoy**) the opera and _____ (**exchange**) their impressions at the intermission. Since neither Marcos nor Doreen _____ (**eat**) since breakfast, they _____ (**are**) hungry by the end of the evening. Marcos _____ (**say**) he _____ (**discover**) a marvellous little Spanish restaurant close to the opera house. The meal _____ (**be**) superb. While they _____ (**talk**) during the meal they _____ (**discover**) that they _____ (**share**) many common interests. Marcos started _____ (**speak**) to her in Spanish and Doreen _____ (**ask**) him questions about Spain. When he _____ (**tell**) her he _____ (**return**) to Spain next year, Doreen _____ (**express**) her desire to travel.

In the meantime, Hans _____ (**ask**) Doreen to marry him; but Doreen _____ (**think**) about Marcos more and more frequently. Poor Doreen ... she needs some advice!

Fill in the blanks in the dialogue below. Use WERE GOING TO if it is appropriate.

Janine: Hi. It's Janine. Where are you?!!!

Ashleigh: I'm at home. I _____ (call) you but my brother _____ (be) on the phone. Sorry.

Janine: Well, what do you want to do tonight? We _____ (go) to the outdoor concert but it's supposed to rain.

Ashleigh: That _____ (be) why I _____ (call) you. The concert has been cancelled. But my Dad _____ (have) spare tickets for a baseball game. The Toronto Blue Jays versus the New York Yankees. He _____ (take) a customer, but the customer _____ (be) too busy. Do you want to go?

Janine: Do I want to go?!! You bet. That's fantastic. Thanks. When I _____ (see) the weather forecast I thought we _____ (have) a VERY boring evening.

Ashleigh: I'll pick you up at seven-thirty. Bye.

Janine: Bye

Rewrite the dialogue above and change it from DIRECT SPEECH to INDIRECT SPEECH.

Explain the differences between the sentences in the following groups.

1. a) I called a cab when he arrived.
b) I had called a cab when he arrived.
c) I was calling a cab when he arrived.
2. a) He had eaten when she phoned.
b) He had been eating when she phoned.
c) He was eating when she phoned.
3. a) They had been playing cards when he called from the police station.
b) They had painted cards when he called from the police station.
c) They were playing cards when he called from the police station.

Choose the appropriate idiom to substitute for the word in italics.

1. *Especially*, don't tell your mother that I let you drive her car!
a) above all
b) absolutely
c) please
2. We met at Jane's house *to review* the material for the test tomorrow.
a) to read
b) to go over
c) to learn
3. Can you run to the grocery store? We *don't have any* milk.
a) have run up
b) have run out of
c) have run into
4. Let's toss a coin to decide who gets the extra money. You have *an equal* chance of winning.
a) pretty good
b) a fifty-fifty
c) reasonable
5. I just lost my job. I'll have *to survive without* my vacation this year.
a) to cancel
b) to do without
c) to make do with
6. I *did not take* the job. The pay was not high enough.
a) turned up
b) turned off
c) turned down