Intermediate 2 - Quiz 4

Choose the best modal to complete each piece of ADVICE.

- 1. If you have a headache, you (should / must) take some aspirin.
- 2. I spilled some wine on my shirt. I (could / had better) wash it off right away.
- 3. If you want to lose some weight, you (*must / could*) join a gym.
- 4. Students (*should not / could not*) be late for the test tomorrow.
- 5. If you want to go to university, you (had better / must) graduate from high school first.

Decide how certain each speaker is. Circle the best choice to complete each sentence.

- 1. Don't forget to wear your hat and boots! It (*must/may*) snow tonight.
- 2. A: Where is Liz? She was supposed to meet us for lunch.
 - B: I don't know. She (*could have / must have*) gotten stuck in traffic.
- 3. Paul is learning French so quickly. He (*must / might*) study a lot.
- 4. We (*must / might*) go out for dinner tonight. Do you want to come?

Choose the best MODAL OF NECESSITY to complete each sentence.

- 1. I can stay out late tonight because I (don't have to / must not) go to work tomorrow.
- 2. You (*must not / don't have to*) smoke in the hospital.
- 3. To get a driver's license you (*must / don't have to*) pass a driving test.
- 4. He (doesn't have to / don't have to) study tonight.

Choose the best degree complement to complete each sentence: ENOUGH, NOT ENOUGH, TOO, VERY.

1.	1. Oh no! There is coffee left. Can you buy some when you	go to the store?
2.	2. This sweater is expensive but I'm going to buy it for Susan's bit	rthday.
3.	3. That car is expensive for John. He has to find something cheaper	ſ .
4.	4. I am not in a hurry. I have time to finish this work.	
5.	5. My apartment is big I need more space.	
5.	6. Peter is tall. I think his height is about 190cm.	

Change the following active sentences into the PASSIVE VOICE. Use a "by" phrase only if necessary. Use the GET PASSIVE if possible.

1.	Thomas Edison invented the light bulb.
2.	Somebody stole my car on Saturday night.
3.	My grandmother knit this beautiful sweater.
4.	Farmers grow wheat in the prairie provinces of Canada.
5.	The mechanic will fix your car soon.
6.	My dog ate all the food on the table.
7.	Somebody spilled wine all over the new carpet.
mhi	ne the two sentences from each conversation into one sentence using a THAT clause
	ne the two sentences from each conversation into one sentence using a THAT clause. A: I got a new job! B: I'm happy!
1.	A: I got a new job!
1.	A: I got a new job! B: I'm happy! A: Paul has been sick recently.

Fill in the blanks with GOOD, WELL, SOMEONE, ANYONE, SOMETHING or ANYTHING.

1.	Is there	left in the refrigerator?				
2.	Cindy has	she wants to show you.				
3.	I have never met	as friendly as Mike.				
4.	Kylie plays the piano very _					
5.	Those boxes are heavy. Ask	to help you carry them.				
6.	Oh no! I didn't buy	for Marnie's birthday.				
7.	Mrs. Jones is a	teacher.				
8.	I'm looking for	to help get rid of my headache.				
9.	Make sure you study	for the test. It's going to be difficult.				
Choos	Choose the appropriate idiomatic expression to replace the italicized word or words.					

- 1. It doesn't matter which movie we see tonight. *It's your decision*.
 - a) Look into it.
 - b) It's up to you.
 - c) Keep track of it.
- 2. My boss wasn't happy with my report. I have to revise it and give it back to her.
 - a) get through it
 - b) look into it
 - c) do it over
- 3. I've heard that university has a great English program. I want to *investigate it*.
 - a) look into it
 - b) keep track of it
 - c) get through it
- 4. This computer software is *not modern*. I can't believe you're still using it!
 - a) up to date
 - b) burned out
 - c) out of date
- 5. I've been working 12 hours a day for weeks. I feel so tired from working.
 - a) out of date
 - b) burned up
 - c) burned out
- 6. In the winter, the flu often becomes widespread suddenly.
 - a) blows up
 - b) breaks out
 - c) burns up