

Gerunds and Infinitives: Perfect Infinitives		
FORM:	Subject + verb + (adjective) + to have + past participle	
USE:	Perfect infinitives are used to show that something happened <u>before</u> something else.	
EXAMPLES:	Regular Infinitive <i>I am happy to see you! (“see” happens at the same time as “being happy”)</i> <i>He is sorry to miss the party.</i>	Perfect Infinitive <i>I am happy <u>to have seen</u> you! (“see” happened before “being happy”)</i> <i>He is sorry <u>to have missed</u> the party. (“miss” happened before “sorry”)</i>

Draw a timeline to show when the different events in the sentences below happened, relative to NOW.

1. Daniel **hopes to have completed** his university degree by next summer.

_____NOW_____

2. Tracy **planned to have bought** a house by the end of the year, but she didn’t have enough money for a down-payment.

_____NOW_____

3. Tina is not happy to be back from her Florida vacation. She hates the Canadian winter. She **would love to have stayed** in Florida until spring.

_____NOW_____

4. When my father first retired, he **was upset to have left** his job and coworkers.

_____NOW_____

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5. Marty **is excited to have been chosen** as the new class president.

_____NOW_____

6. Stan **plans to have finished** his home renovations by September.

_____NOW_____

7. I **am so happy to have seen** that wonderful dance performance.

_____NOW_____

8. The students **are surprised to have passed** the test.

_____NOW_____

9. The president **is happy to have been** re-elected.

_____NOW_____

10. Marla **is thrilled to have won** the lottery.

_____NOW_____