## Phrasal Verbs : Assorted

Many idioms consist of common one-syllable verbs plus prepositions.

| bring about bring up | cause raise a subject, rear | give up <br> give out | surrender, relinquish distribute |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| call up | telephone | go over** | review, rehearse |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { call up(on)* } \\ & \text { call off } \end{aligned}$ | visit cancel | go with* | date |
| come up* | arise, to think of | hand in hand down | submit transmit |
| do without* | sacrifice, not need | hold up hold in | rob <br> suppress |
| get up* get over* | wake up, awake recover from |  |  |

* the verb-preposition combination is non-separable.

Use the appropriate PHRASAL VERB and make any necessary changes.

1. Jamie $\qquad$ at 6:30 a.m. every morning when he goes to work.
2. I must $\qquad$ the meeting $\qquad$ because too many people are absent.
3. The thief $\qquad$ the bank and managed to get away before the police arrived.
4. Last night, the actor $\qquad$ his lines several times before going on stage.
5. Can you $\qquad$ with a solution to the problem at hand?
6. Do not $\qquad$ your application form after June 30th.
7. How can you $\qquad$ so easily without a fight?
8. A man was $\qquad$ flyers on the street corner.
9. I tried to $\qquad$ my friend $\qquad$ but the line was busy.
10. What $\qquad$ the car accident which happened on highway 40 ?
11. Jeff took several weeks to $\qquad$ the shock of losing his dog.
12. She can't $\qquad$ her morning coffee in order to start the day.
13. She $\qquad$ her children alone after her husband passed away.
14. This ring has been $\qquad$ from generation to generation.
15. He $\qquad$ his emotions, which makes it hard to tell if he's serious or not.
16. Dan has been $\qquad$ his girlfriend for six months.
